

SOL 6.5 – Exponents

The Meaning of Exponents

- Where repeated addition is multiplication, repeated multiplication is the use of exponents
- The **Base** is the “**Big number**” which is the number to be repeated
- The **Exponent** is the “**Floaty number**” which tells how many times the **Base** is to be repeated.

Exponential Form	Word Form	Expanded Form	Standard Form
2^4	2 to the fourth power	$2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$	16

How to enter into the Calculator

Problem: 3^5 → Type: 3 y^x 5 = → Answer: 243

Problem: 4^7 → Type: 4 y^x 7 = → Answer: 16,384

Problem: 10^2 → Type: 10 y^x 2 = → Answer: 100

Problem: 10^3 → Type: 10 y^x 3 = → Answer: 1,000

Problem: 10^4 → Type: 10 y^x 4 = → Answer: 10,000

Problem: 10^5 → Type: 10 y^x 5 = → Answer: 100,000

Problem: 10^6 → Type: 10 y^x 6 = → Answer: 1,000,000

Powers of Ten

- The place value system is based off of the powers of ten
- The number of the exponent tells how many zeros are on the number

Zero Power

- Any number to the zero power equals one

SOL 6.5 – Squares and Perfect Squares

Exponential Form	Word Form	Expanded Form	Standard Form
1^2	1 squared	1×1	1
2^2	2 squared	2×2	4
3^2	3 squared	3×3	9
4^2	4 squared	4×4	16
5^2	5 squared	5×5	25
6^2	6 squared	6×6	36
7^2	7 squared	7×7	49
8^2	8 squared	8×8	64
9^2	9 squared	9×9	81
10^2	10 squared	10×10	100
11^2	11 squared	11×11	121
12^2	12 squared	12×12	144
13^2	13 squared	13×13	169
14^2	14 squared	14×14	196
15^2	15 squared	15×15	225
16^2	16 squared	16×16	256
17^2	17 squared	17×17	289
18^2	18 squared	18×18	324
19^2	19 squared	19×19	361
20^2	20 squared	20×20	400

Perfect Squares

– Remember the stackems

SOL 6.5 Exponents and Perfect Squares